

Plant beta diversity and its correlation with elevation at various distances scale in a 24 ha mid-subtropical evergreen broad-leaved forest in East Asia

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Oct 20 2008



Beta diversity

(Whittaker 1960; 1972)

Comparing the species diversity between ecosystems or along environmental gradients.

Gives a quantitative measure of diversity of communities that experience changing environments.



Distance



Research area and hotspots

- △ Diversity description (Whittaker 1960; Hutchinson 1957; Sorenson 1948; *Condit et al.* 2002)
- △ Underline and mechanisms of beta diversity and its different patterns (Harms *et al.* 2001; Tilman 2004; Pierre *et al.* 2008)
- △ Biodiversity correlation with environment factors, spatially-structured habitat processes on the distributions of species richness and species composition (Karst *et al.* 2005; Gravel *et al.* 2006; Borda de Agua *et al.* 2007; Pierre *et al.* 2008; Mi *et al.* 2008)
- △ Niche-based model and neutral theory (Hubbell 2001; *Condit et al.* 2002; Pierre *et al.* 2008)



Similarity index

Whittaker index

$$\beta = \frac{S}{\bar{\alpha}} \quad \text{or} \quad \beta = \frac{S}{\bar{\alpha}} - 1$$

Jaccard index

$$\beta = j/(a+b-j)$$

Sorenson index

$$\beta = 2*j/(a+b)$$

$$J(A, B) = \frac{|A \cap B|}{|A \cup B|}$$



	Assemblage 2	
	Present	Absent
Assemblage 1		
Present	A	B
Absent	C	—





Questions:

How similarity index varies with different distance in our plot and how they associate with other ecological variations (habitat)?



Study sites

Center for Tropical Forest Science (CTFS)

GTS Plot (29° 10'19"N, 118° 03'49"E)

24 ha (600m*400m), 600 20*20m quadrats

159 species, 141002 individual

Location, Topography

Quadrat	Elevation	Species	Abundance
0101	325.2	<i>S. superba</i>	4
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...



Analysis

Advanced version of similarity index

$$Jaccard_{abd} = \frac{A}{A + B + C} = \frac{UV}{U + V - UV} \quad (1)$$

$$Sorenson_{abd} = \frac{2A}{2A + B + C} = \frac{2UV}{U + V} \quad (2)$$

Chao *et al.* 2005



$$Jaccard_{abd} = \frac{A}{A + B + C} = \frac{UV}{U + V - UV} \quad (1)$$

$$Sorenson_{abd} = \frac{2A}{2A + B + C} = \frac{2UV}{U + V} \quad (2)$$

U total respective abundances of shared species in Assemblages 1

V total respective abundances of shared species in Assemblages 2



Method

380	144400	144800	146000	148000	150800	154400	158800	164000	170000	176800	184400	192800	202000	212000	222800	234400
360	129600	130000	131200	133200	136000	139600	144000	149200	155200	162000	169600	178000	187200	197200	208000	219600
340	115600	116000	117200	119200	122000	125600	130000	135200	141200	148000	155600	164000	173200	183200	194000	205600
320	102400	102800	104000	106000	108800	112400	116800	122000	128000	134800	142400	150800	160000	170000	180800	192400
300	90000	90400	91600	93600	96400	100000	104400	109600	115600	122400	130000	138400	147600	157600	168400	180000
280	78400	78800	80000	82000	84800	88400	92800	98000	104000	110800	118400	126800	136000	146000	156800	168400
260	67600	68000	69200	71200	74000	77600	82000	87200	93200	100000	107600	116000	125200	135200	146000	157600
240	57600	58000	59200	61200	64000	67600	72000	77200	83200	90000	97600	106000	115200	125200	136000	147600
220	48400	48800	50000	52000	54800	58400	62800	68000	74000	80800	88400	96800	106000	116000	126800	138400
200	40000	40400	41600	43600	46400	50000	54400	59600	65600	72400	80000	88400	97600	107600	118400	130000
180	32400	32800	34000	36000	38800	42400	46800	52000	58000	64800	72400	80800	90000	100000	110800	122400
160	25600	26000	27200	29200	32000	35600	40000	45200	51200	58000	65600	74000	83200	93200	104000	115600
140	19600	20000	21200	23200	26000	29600	34000	39200	45200	52000	59600	68000	77200	87200	98000	109600
120	14400	14800	16000	18000	20800	24400	28800	34000	40000	46800	54400	62800	72000	82000	92800	104400
100	10000	10400	11600	13600	16400	20000	24400	29600	35600	42400	50000	58400	67600	77600	88400	100000
80	6400	6800	8000	10000	12800	16400	20800	26000	32000	38800	46400	54800	64000	74000	84800	96400
60	3600	4000	5200	7200	10000	13600	18000	23200	29200	36000	43600	52000	61200	71200	82000	93600
40	1600	2000	3200	5200	8000	11600	16000	21200	27200	34000	41600	50000	59200	69200	80000	91600
20	400	800	2000	4000	6800	10400	14800	20000	26000	32800	40400	48800	58000	68000	78800	90400
NA	0	400	1600	3600	6400	10000	14400	19600	25600	32400	40000	48400	57600	67600	78400	90000
NA	NA	20	40	60	80	100	120	140	160	180	200	220	240	260	280	300

Distance gradients of all kinds of neighborhoods

Method

246800	260000	274000	288800	304400	320800	338000	356000	374800	394400	414800	436000	458000	480800	380
232000	245200	259200	274000	289600	306000	323200	341200	360000	379600	400000	421200	443200	466000	360
218000	231200	245200	260000	275600	292000	309200	327200	346000	365600	386000	407200	429200	452000	340
204800	218000	232000	246800	262400	278800	296000	314000	332800	352400	372800	394000	416000	438800	320
192400	205600	219600	234400	250000	266400	283600	301600	320400	340000	360400	381600	403600	426400	300
180800	194000	208000	222800	238400	254800	272000	290000	308800	328400	348800	370000	392000	414800	280
170000	183200	197200	212000	227600	244000	261200	279200	298000	317600	338000	359200	381200	404000	260
160000	173200	187200	202000	217600	234000	251200	269200	288000	307600	328000	349200	371200	394000	240
150800	164000	178000	192800	208400	224800	242000	260000	278800	298400	318800	340000	362000	384800	220
142400	155600	169600	184400	200000	216400	233600	251600	270400	290000	310400	331600	353600	376400	200
134800	148000	162000	176800	192400	208800	226000	244000	262800	282400	302800	324000	346000	368800	180
128000	141200	155200	170000	185600	202000	219200	237200	256000	275600	296000	317200	339200	362000	160
122000	135200	149200	164000	179600	196000	213200	231200	250000	269600	290000	311200	333200	356000	140
116800	130000	144000	158800	174400	190800	208000	226000	244800	264400	284800	306000	328000	350800	120
112400	125600	139600	154400	170000	186400	203600	221600	240400	260000	280400	301600	323600	346400	100
108800	122000	136000	150800	166400	182800	200000	218000	236800	256400	276800	298000	320000	342800	80
106000	119200	133200	148000	163600	180000	197200	215200	234000	253600	274000	295200	317200	340000	60
104000	117200	131200	146000	161600	178000	195200	213200	232000	251600	272000	293200	315200	338000	40
102800	116000	130000	144800	160400	176800	194000	212000	230800	250400	270800	292000	314000	336800	20
102400	115600	129600	144400	160000	176400	193600	211600	230400	250000	270400	291600	313600	336400	NA
320	340	360	380	400	420	440	460	480	500	520	540	560	580	NA

Distance gradients of all kinds of neighborhoods

Association with beta diversity topography

Mantel test (Mantel 1971)



Whether there were significant interrelations between plant beta diversity and elevation



```
> res.beta[1:12,]
  distance subplot.a subplot.b   jaccard  soreson a.jaccard a.soreson  a  b  j charich1 charich2
1      400    990101    990102 0.5744681 0.7297297 0.8503461 0.9191211 39 35 27      12       8
2      400    990102    990202 0.4375000 0.6086957 0.7398394 0.8504686 35 34 21      14      13
3      400    990103    990102 0.6888889 0.8157895 0.9242130 0.9606140 41 35 31      10       4
4      400    990104    990103 0.4912281 0.6588235 0.7770785 0.8745573 44 41 28      16      13
5      400    990104    990204 0.5744681 0.7297297 0.8146308 0.8978475 44 30 27      17       3
6      400    990105    990104 0.6153846 0.7619048 0.8892372 0.9413717 40 44 32       8      12
7      400    990106    990105 0.6078431 0.7560976 0.8243041 0.9036916 42 40 31      11       9
8      400    990107    990106 0.6382979 0.7792208 0.8051824 0.8920787 35 42 30       5      12
9      400    990107    990108 0.5238095 0.6875000 0.8118429 0.8961516 35 29 22      13       7
10     400    990108    990208 0.6000000 0.7500000 0.8463893 0.9168048 29 43 27       2      16
11     400    990109    990108 0.4888889 0.6567164 0.8517760 0.9199557 38 29 22      16       7
12     400    990109    990110 0.8205128 0.9014085 0.9686920 0.9840971 38 33 32       6       1

      U      V abun1 abun2 abunsim1 abunsim2   eleva   elevb   delev
1 0.9095745 0.9288703   188   239     171     222 54.89275 57.99200 -3.09925
2 0.7949791 0.9142857   239   210     190     192 57.99200 36.62350 21.36850
3 0.9507246 0.9707113   345   239     328     232 54.50325 57.99200 -3.48875
4 0.8625000 0.8869565   240   345     207     306 47.89600 54.50325 -6.60725
5 0.8541667 0.9462366   240   186     205     176 47.89600 34.69950 13.19650
6 0.9583333 0.9250000   216   240     207     222 46.18900 47.89600 -1.70700
7 0.8663102 0.9444444   187   216     162     204 51.84300 46.18900  5.65400
8 0.9657143 0.8288770   175   187     169     155 60.73600 51.84300  8.89300
9 0.8514286 0.9458333   175   240     149     227 60.73600 73.48775 -12.75175
10 0.9875000 0.8555556   240   270     237     231 73.48775 68.00475  5.48300
11 0.8775510 0.9666667   294   240     258     232 89.08200 73.48775 15.59425
12 0.9727891 0.9956710   294   231     286     230 89.08200 104.62625 -15.54425

> |
```

Result data pattern of beta diversity relative variation
within 20m in GTS plot $\text{dim} = c(179700, 21)$



```
> sort(unique(res.beta$distance))
```

[1]	400	800	1600	2000	3200	3600	4000	5200	6400	6800	7200	8000	10000
[14]	10400	11600	12800	13600	14400	14800	16000	16400	18000	19600	20000	20800	21200
[27]	23200	24400	25600	26000	27200	28800	29200	29600	32000	32400	32800	34000	35600
[40]	36000	38800	39200	40000	40400	41600	42400	43600	45200	46400	46800	48400	48800
[53]	50000	51200	52000	54400	54800	57600	58000	58400	59200	59600	61200	62800	64000
[66]	64800	65600	67600	68000	69200	71200	72000	72400	74000	77200	77600	78400	78800
[79]	80000	80800	82000	83200	84800	87200	88400	90000	90400	91600	92800	93200	93600
[92]	96400	96800	97600	98000	100000	102400	102800	104000	104400	106000	107600	108800	109600
[105]	110800	112400	115200	115600	116000	116800	117200	118400	119200	122000	122400	125200	125600
[118]	126800	128000	129600	130000	131200	133200	134800	135200	136000	138400	139600	141200	142400
[131]	144000	144400	144800	146000	147600	148000	149200	150800	154400	155200	155600	156800	157600
[144]	158800	160000	160400	161600	162000	163600	164000	166400	168400	169600	170000	173200	174400
[157]	176400	176800	178000	179600	180000	180800	182800	183200	184400	185600	186400	187200	190800
[170]	192400	192800	193600	194000	195200	196000	197200	200000	202000	203600	204800	205600	208000
[183]	208400	208800	211600	212000	213200	215200	216400	217600	218000	219200	219600	221600	222800
[196]	224800	226000	227600	230400	230800	231200	232000	233600	234000	234400	236800	237200	238400
[209]	240400	242000	244000	244800	245200	246800	250000	250400	251200	251600	253600	254800	256000
[222]	256400	259200	260000	261200	262400	262800	264400	266400	269200	269600	270400	270800	272000
[235]	274000	275600	276800	278800	279200	280400	282400	283600	284800	288000	288800	289600	290000
[248]	291600	292000	293200	295200	296000	298000	298400	301600	302800	304400	306000	307600	308800
[261]	309200	310400	311200	313600	314000	315200	317200	317600	318800	320000	320400	320800	323200
[274]	323600	324000	327200	328000	328400	331600	332800	333200	336400	336800	338000	339200	340000
[287]	341200	342800	346000	346400	348800	349200	350800	352400	353600	356000	359200	360000	360400
[300]	362000	365600	368800	370000	371200	372800	374800	376400	379600	381200	381600	384800	386000
[313]	392000	394000	394400	400000	403600	404000	407200	414800	416000	421200	426400	429200	436000
[326]	438800	443200	452000	458000	466000	480800							

Distance variation between neighbors in GTS plot
within 20m scale

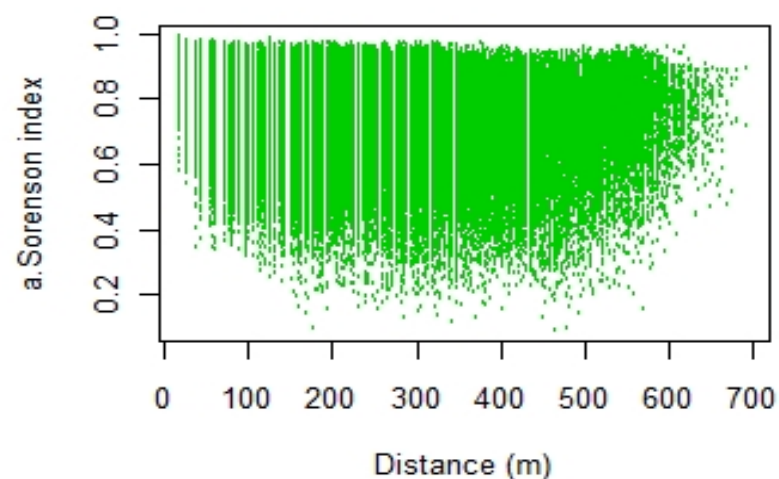
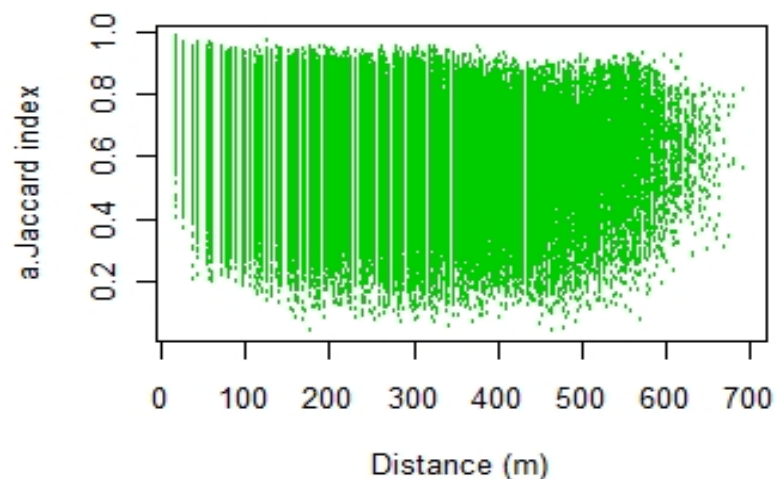
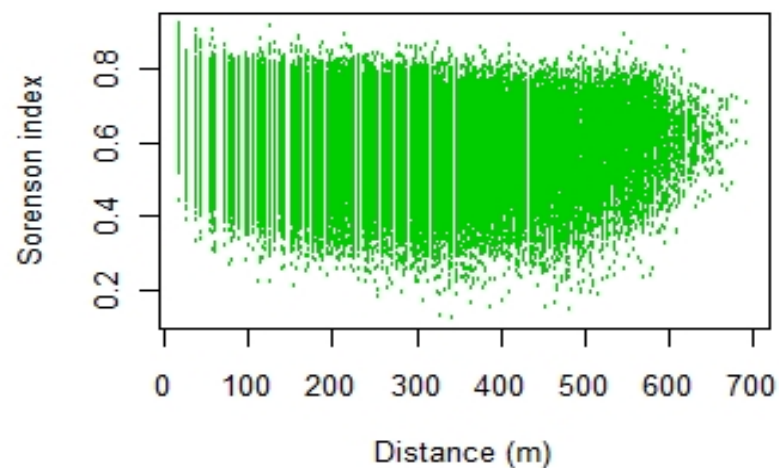
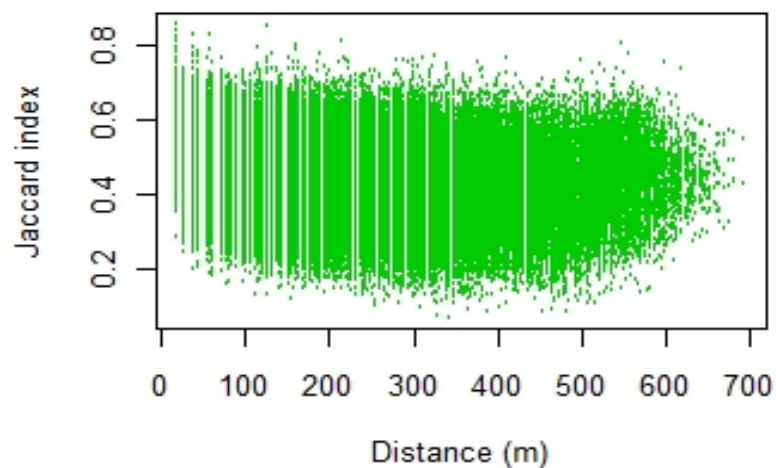


```
> str(res.beta)
```

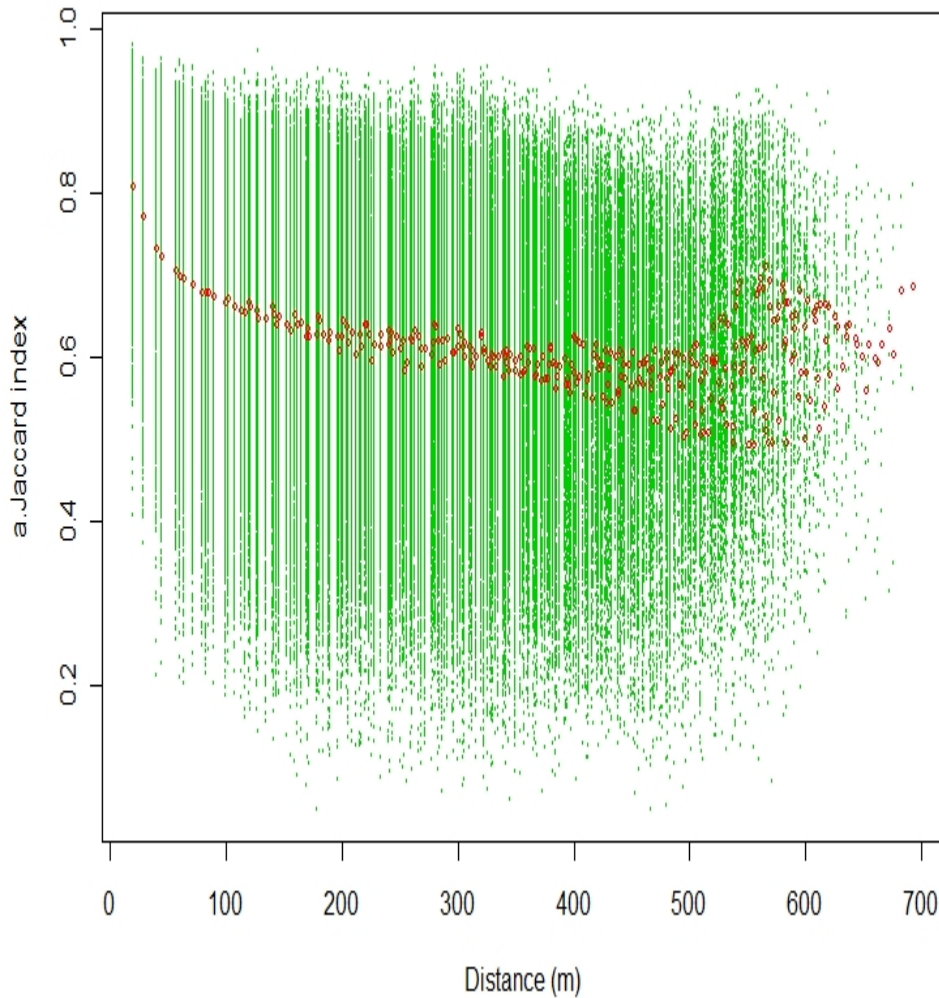
```
'data.frame': 179700 obs. of 21 variables:
 $ distance : int 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 ...
 $ subplot.a : int 990101 990102 990103 990104 990104 990105 990106 990107 990107 990108 ...
 $ subplot.b : int 990102 990202 990102 990103 990204 990104 990105 990106 990108 990208 ...
 $ jaccard : num 0.574 0.438 0.689 0.491 0.574 ...
 $ sorensen : num 0.730 0.609 0.816 0.659 0.730 ...
 $ a.jaccard : num 0.850 0.740 0.924 0.777 0.815 ...
 $ a.sorensen : num 0.919 0.850 0.961 0.875 0.898 ...
 $ a : int 39 35 41 44 44 40 42 35 35 29 ...
 $ b : int 35 34 35 41 30 44 40 42 29 43 ...
 $ j : int 27 21 31 28 27 32 31 30 22 27 ...
 $ charich1 : int 12 14 10 16 17 8 11 5 13 2 ...
 $ charich2 : int 8 13 4 13 3 12 9 12 7 16 ...
 $ U : num 0.910 0.795 0.951 0.863 0.854 ...
 $ V : num 0.929 0.914 0.971 0.887 0.946 ...
 $ abun1 : int 188 239 345 240 240 216 187 175 175 240 ...
 $ abun2 : int 239 210 239 345 186 240 216 187 240 270 ...
 $ abunsim1 : int 171 190 328 207 205 207 162 169 149 237 ...
 $ abunsim2 : int 222 192 232 306 176 222 204 155 227 231 ...
 $ eleva : num 54.9 58.0 54.5 47.9 47.9 ...
 $ elevb : num 58.0 36.6 58.0 54.5 34.7 ...
 $ delev : num -3.10 21.37 -3.49 -6.61 13.20 ...
```



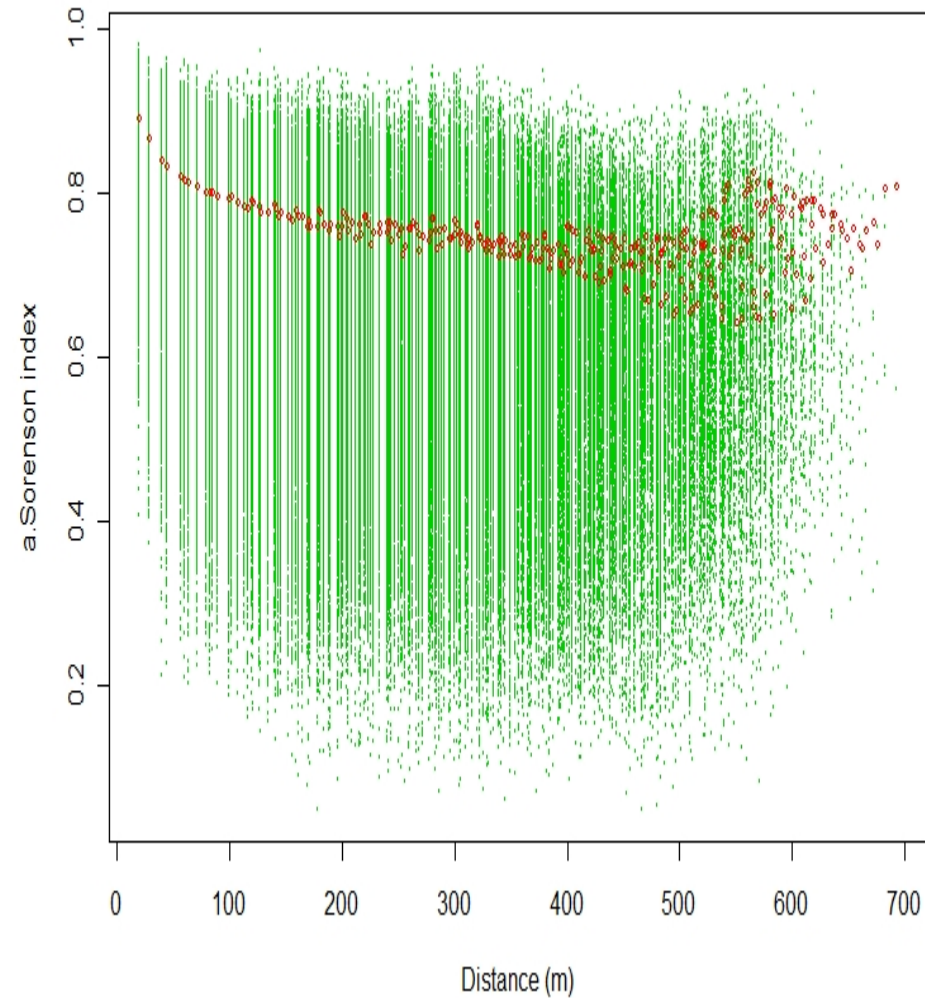
Four similarity indices distribution along neighbors' distance within 20m



Chao's similarity distribution along neighbors' distance within 20m

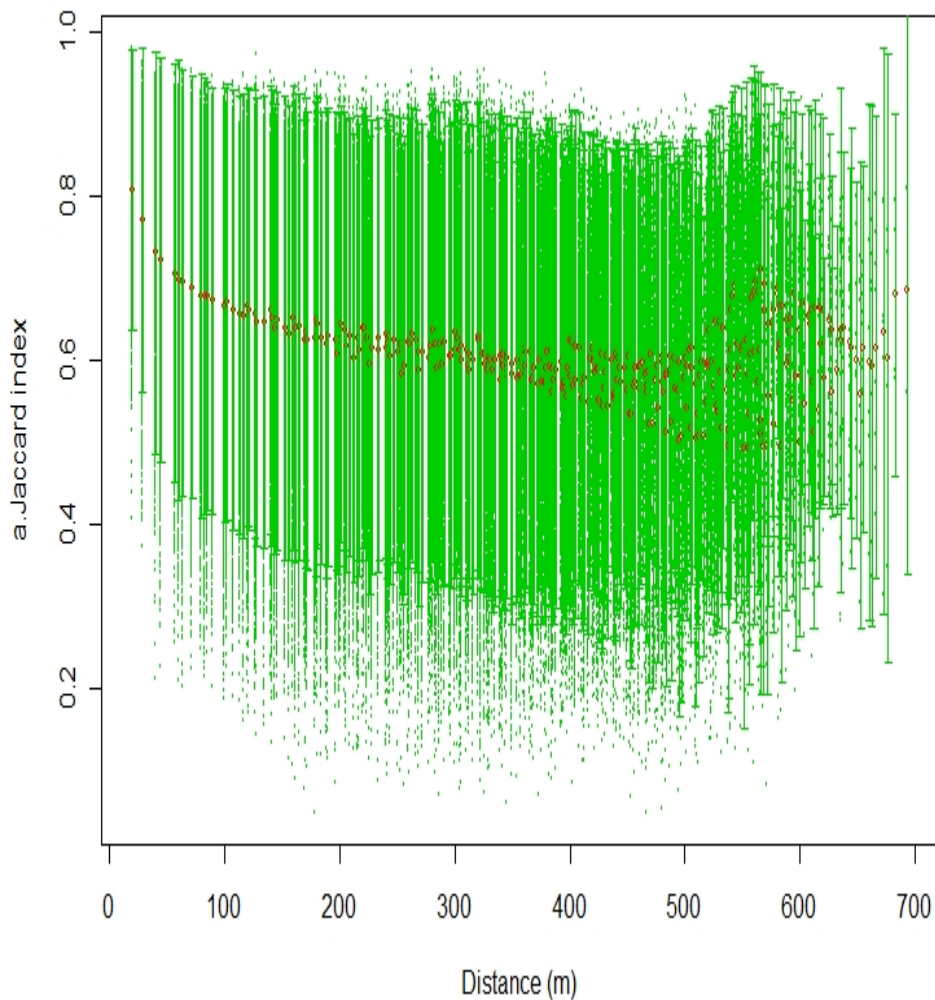


Chao's Jaccard

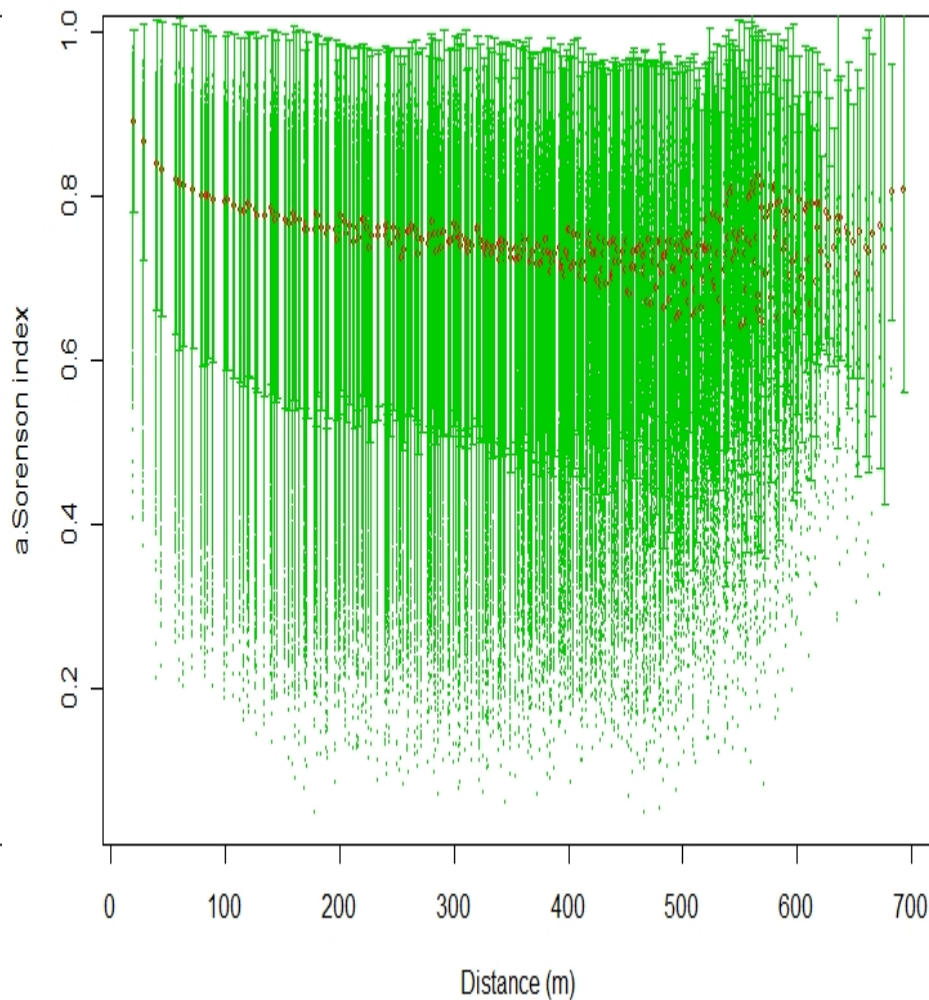


Chao's Sorensen

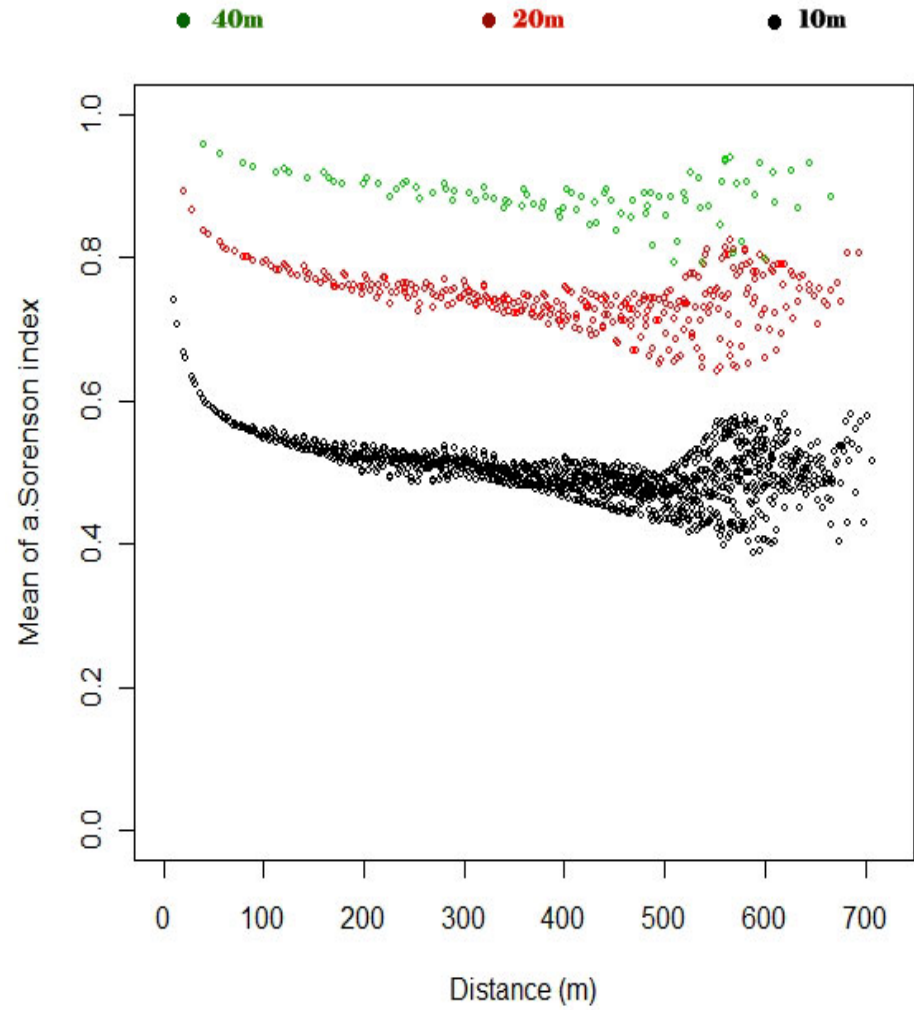
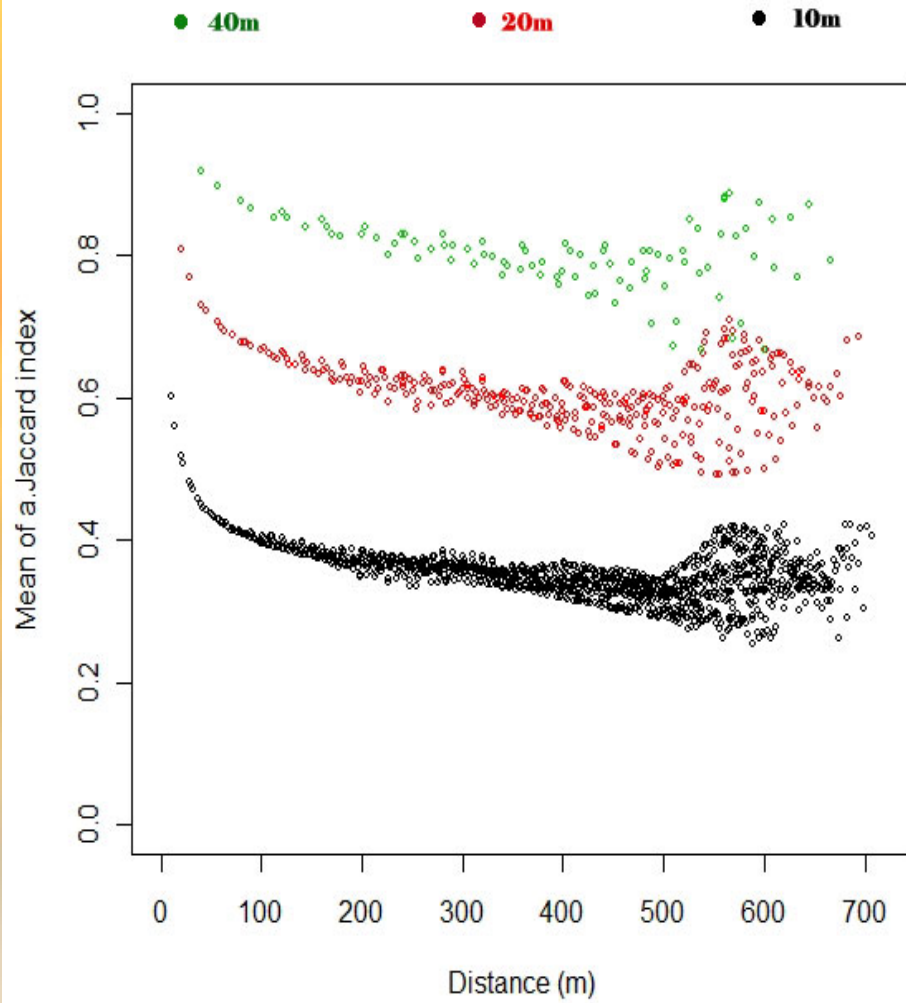
Chao's similarity distribution along neighbors' distance within 20m



Chao's Jaccard



Chao's Sorensen

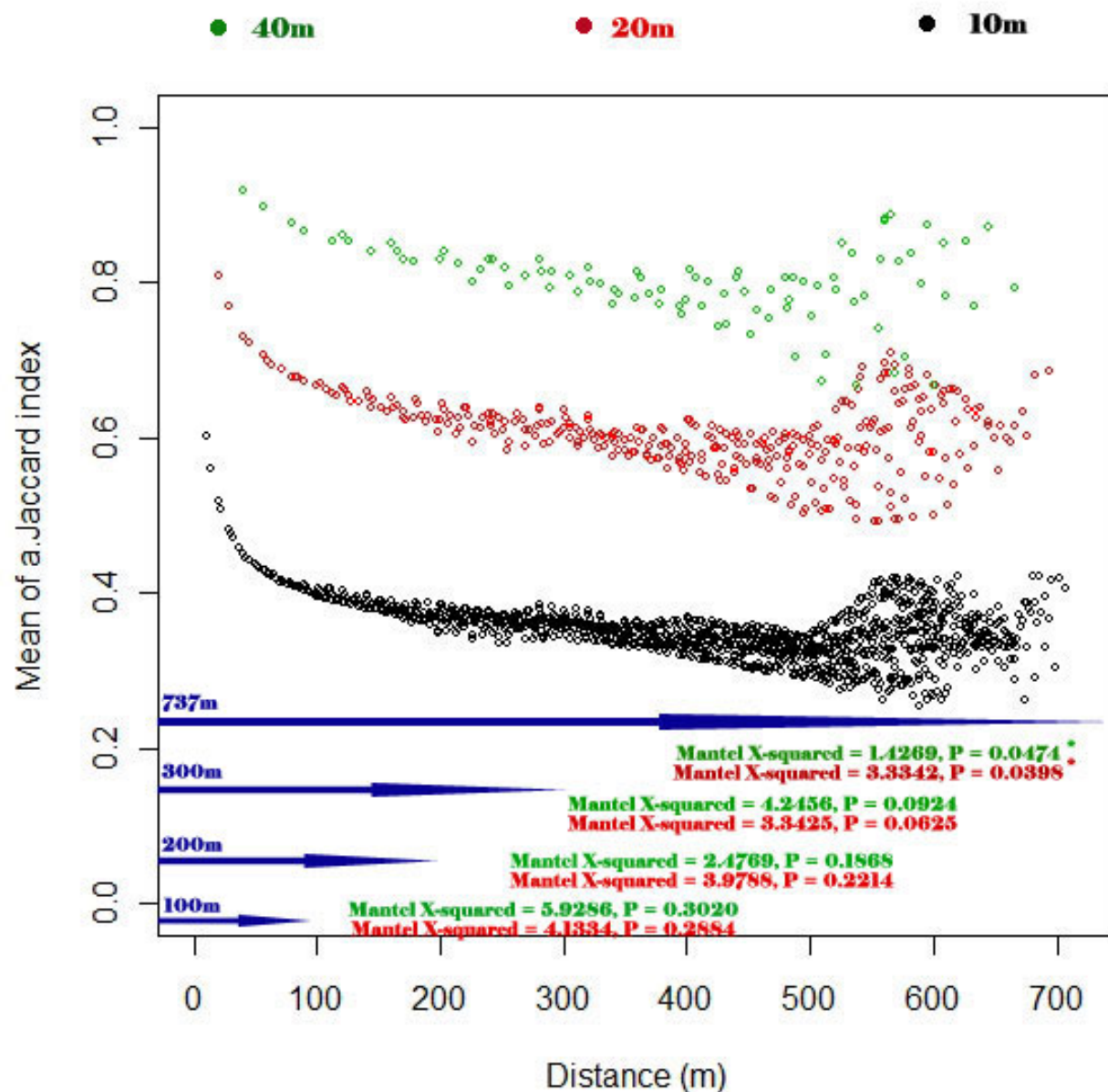


Beta diversity



Elevation

Mantel test





Beta diversity decay along distance gradient



Association between beta diversity and elevation



Different distance scales



Next step

- △ Association with plant beta diversity and other topography variations
- △ Modeling
- △ Non-phylogenetic based classifications :
traits / functional types



**Thanks Fangliang He (University of Alberta, Canada)
for his valuable advice**

Thanks for your attention !

