

Adaptive shading: How microclimates and surface types amplify tree cooling effects?

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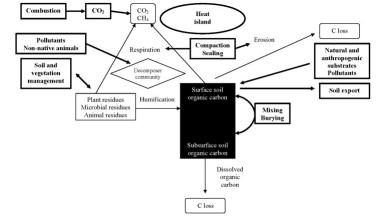
> International Symposium on Urban Biodiversity and Sustainable Development (Asia Regin) (Xiamen, China Feb. 21, 2025)

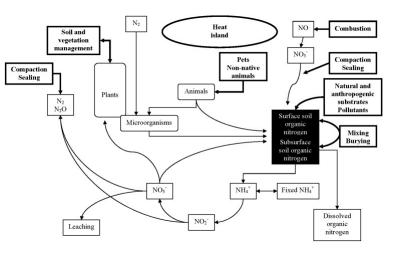
1 Background

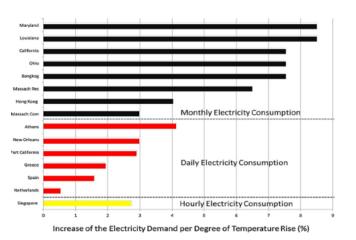
Sustained deterioration of the thermal environment places significant stress on urban ecosystems



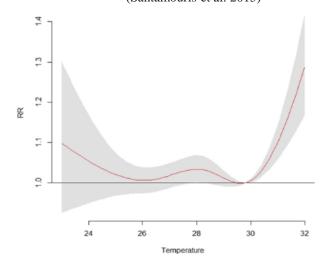
Global cities are warming at twice the rate of the global average







(Santamouris et al. 2015)

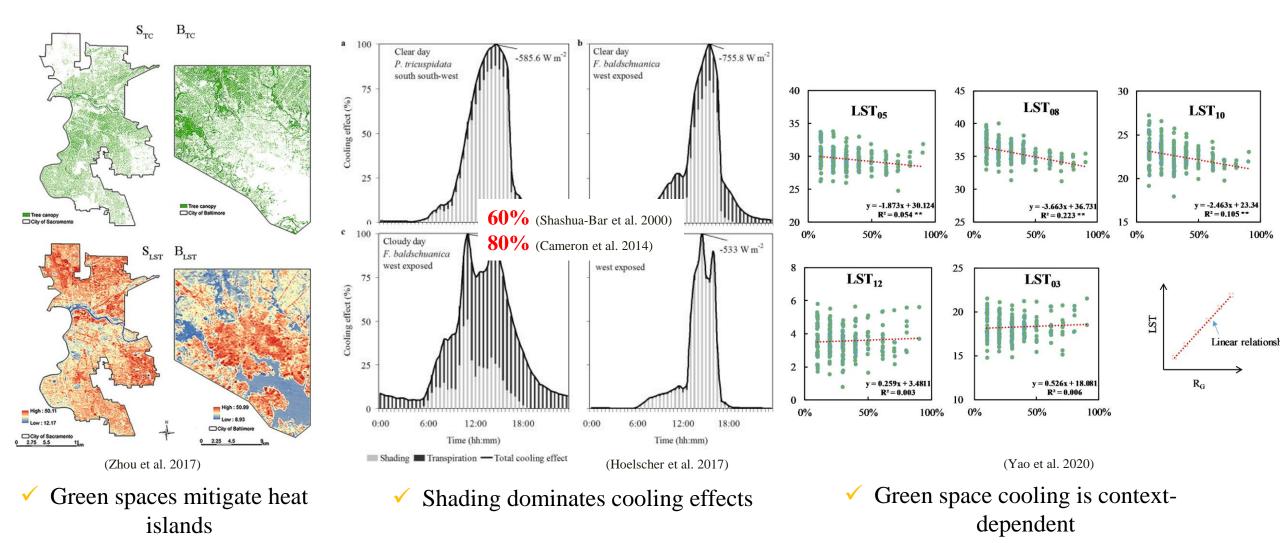


(Lorenz & Lal 2009)

(Dung et al. 2016)

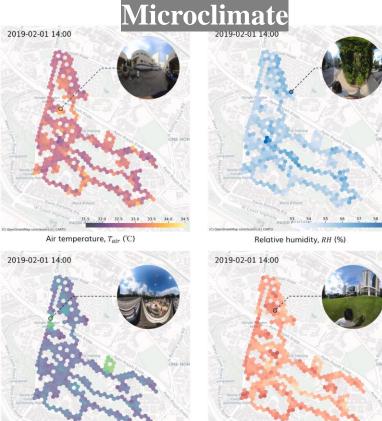
1 Background

Strategically placing greenspaces to enhance shading may be a key approach to efficiently improving urban thermal environments.



1 Background

How tree shading varies with urban space heterogeneity and identifies optimal environments for maximizing cooling efficiency



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Global horizontal irradiance, GHI (W/m²)





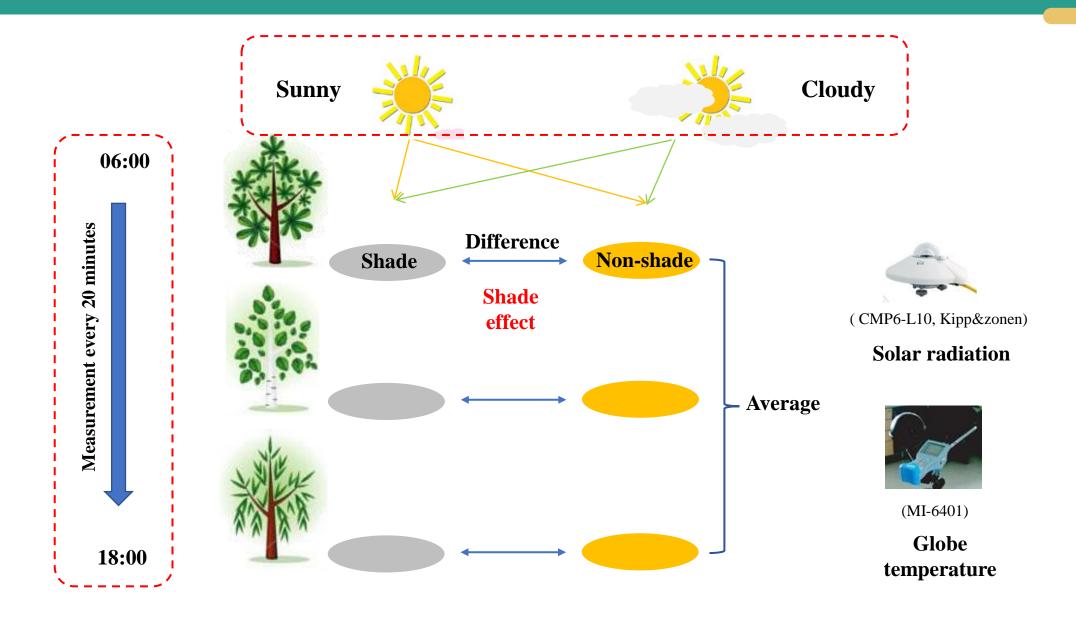






Wind speed, v (m/s)

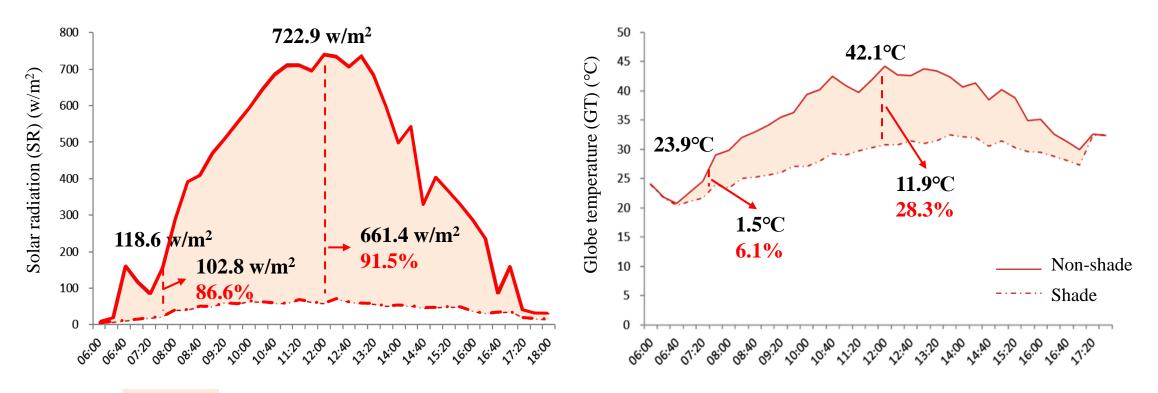
2 Microclimate-Dependent Variations in Tree Shade Cooling



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Tree shade can effectively improve local thermal environments

+ The cooling effect of tree shade is not fixed, it increases with higher external heat stress

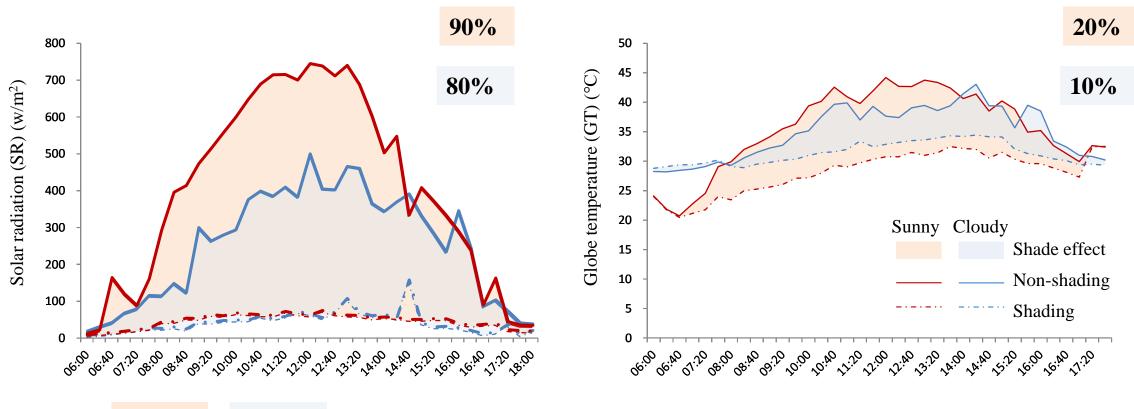


Sunny

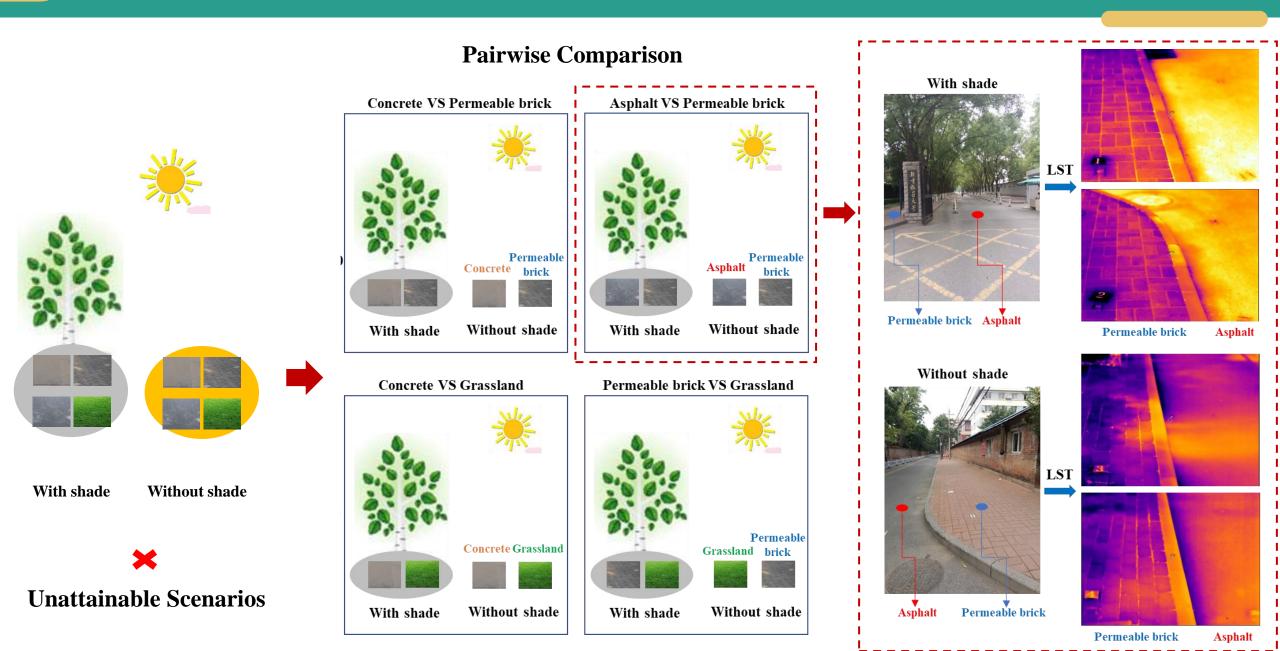
2 Microclimate-Dependent Variations in Tree Shade Cooling

Tree-shaded areas remain stable despite extreme external climate fluctuations

Prioritizing tree shade in areas with higher heat stress can enhance cooling efficiency



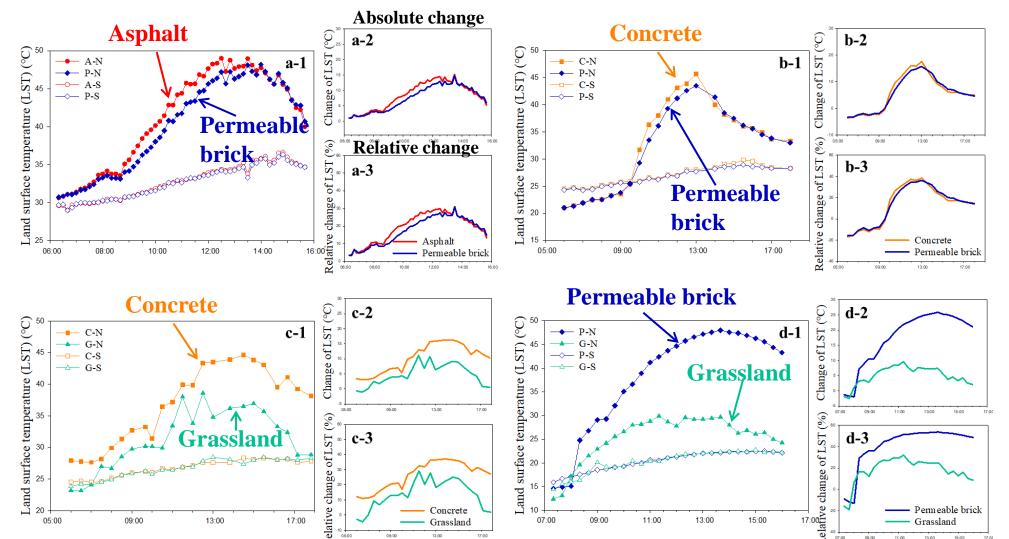
3 Land Cover-Dependent Variations in Tree Shade Cooling



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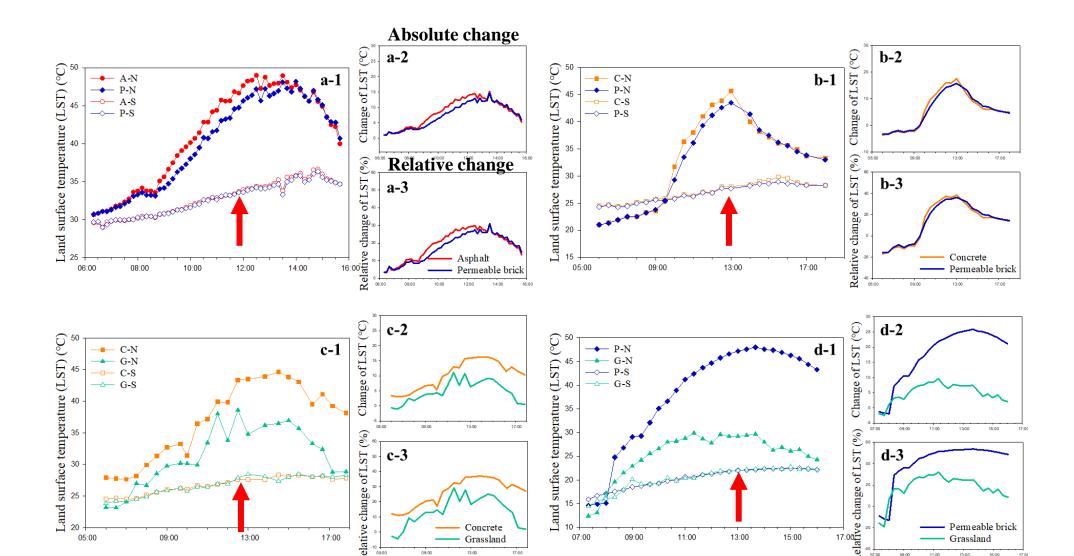
Asphalt, Concrete > Permeable brick > Grassland

Tree shade shows higher cooling efficiency on hotter surfaces



3 Land Cover-Dependent Variations in Tree Shade Cooling

In shaded areas, surface temperatures of various land covers, including grassland, were similar





• Tree shade significantly improves thermal environment, but with varying efficiency

The efficiency of tree shade increases with external thermal stress

Tree shade is more efficient on surfaces with higher temperatures

• Under various conditions, the thermal environment beneath tree shade tends to be stable



Thank you & any questions

Special thanks are extended to my colleagues for their invaluable assistance in conducting the field observations, and to Professors Zhou and Jenerette for their expert guidance and continuous support throughout this research.

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